

Optische Messmethoden für Komponentenoptimierung und für Displays / LEDs

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Optical Measurement & Design: Overview & Competences

➤ Optical metrology:

- Light scattering measurements
- Angular light distribution for fibers, light distributions of LEDs
- Intensity (xy-) distribution measurements for laser & lamp characterization, DOEs

➤ Electronics:

- Development of electronic amplifiers to magnify low level light from photodiodes

➤ Machine Vision:

- Camera calibration using python → new & objective measures and methods
- Measurements with cameras

➤ Optical Design:

- Ray optics simulations with ZEMAX
- Diffractive optics design



We measure, prototype and/or evaluate your optical idea!

Optical metrology: light scattering measurements

➤ Goniophotometer set-up:

- Single angle device (360°)
- Two angle (half-sphere) device

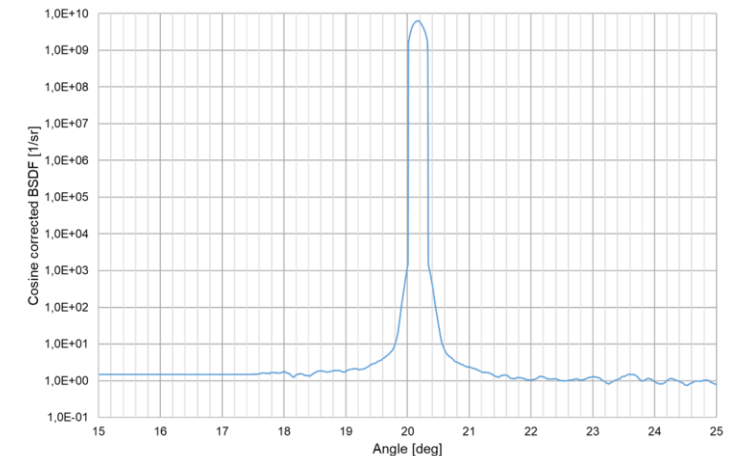
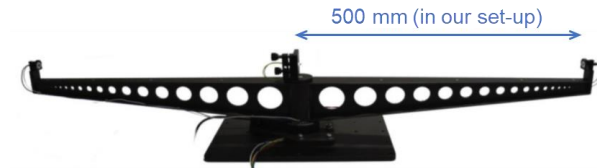
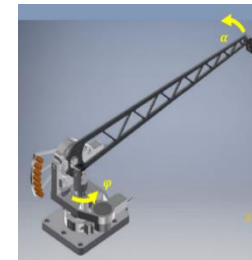
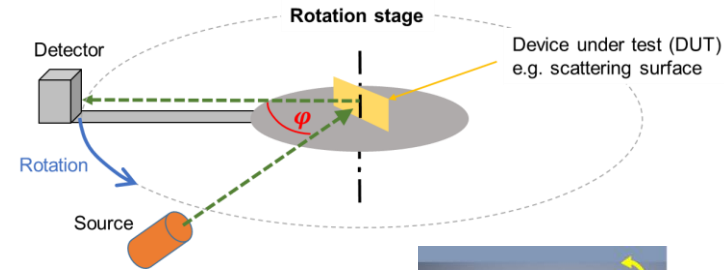
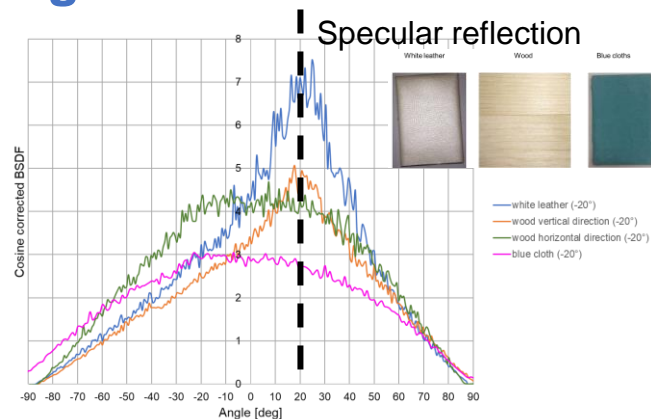
➤ Fully computer controlled

➤ Located inside a dark room

➤ Results:

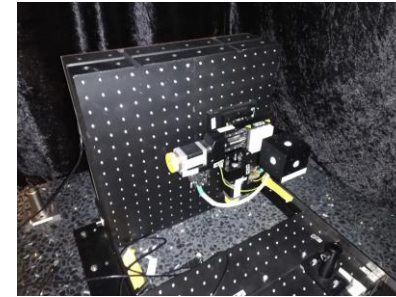
- Dynamic range: ~ 10 decades
- Accuracy: < 0.08% 2 standard deviation

➤ Stray light characterization of different materials



Development and improvement of a photonics instrument for light scattering metrology
<https://doi.org/10.1117/12.2608504>, Proceedings SPIE 12008, 2022

Optical metrology: light (xy-) distribution measurements



➤ Set-up:

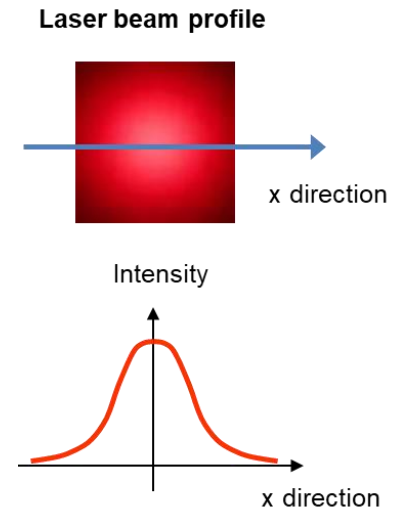
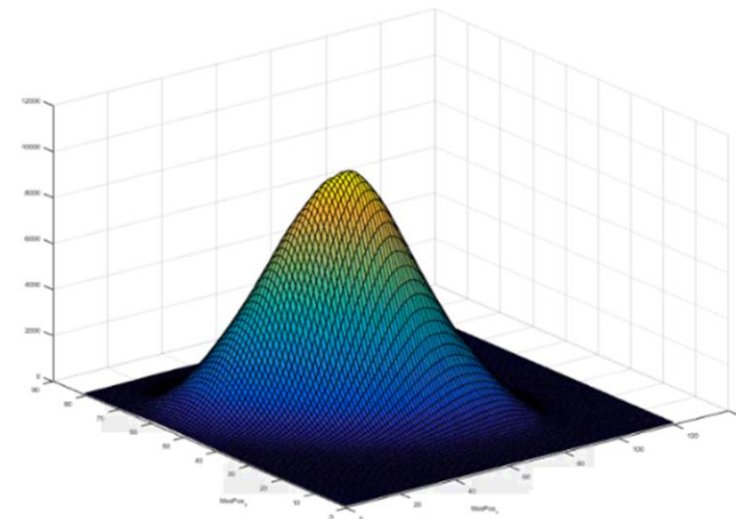
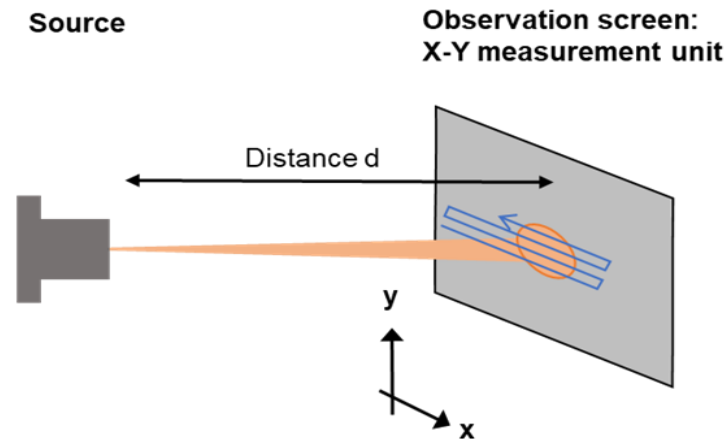
- XY table

➤ Specifications:

Specification	Value
Max. scan area in x-direction	52.0 mm
Max. scan area in y-direction	52.0 mm
Lowest step size Δx in x-direction	0.2 μm
Lowest step size Δy in y-direction	0.2 μm
Unidirectional repeatability	0.5 μm
Aperture (in front of photodiode)	$\varnothing > 0.2 \text{ mm}$
Detector wavelength	400 nm ... 1000nm
Measurement accuracy (2 sigma)	< 0.29%
Automation	Fully

➤ Applications:

- Light distribution measurements
- M^2 measurements (laser)
- Numerical aperture
- DOE spot characterization



Zuverlässigkeitsanalyse einer orts aufgelösten Intensitätsmessung mittels eines voll-automatisierten x-y-Verschiebetisches
 DGaO Proceedings 2019 – <http://www.dgao-proceedings.de> – ISSN: 1614-8436 – urn:nbn:de:0287-2019-P026-7

Optical metrology: measurements on diffractive optics

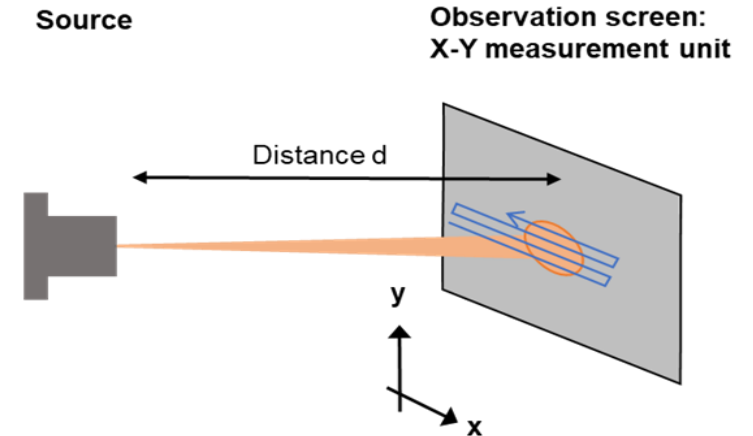
➤ Set-up: XY-Table

➤ Principle:

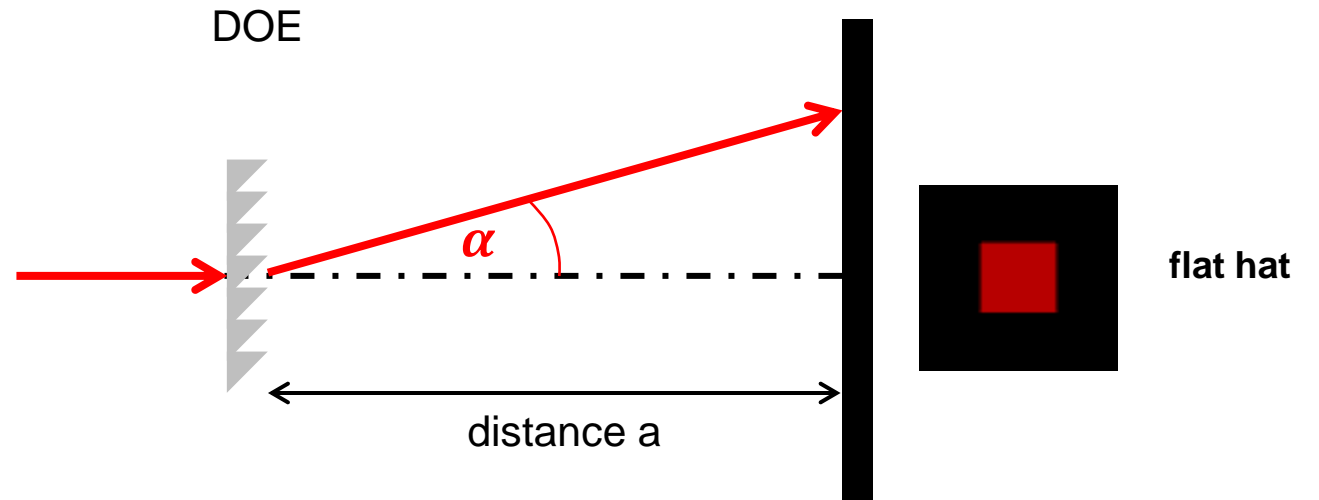
- Measure power inside region-of-interest (ROI)
- Measure total diffracted power
- Get diffraction efficiency

➤ Reference:

S. Reichel: Diffraktive Optiken, Kap. 15
In Löffler-Mang, Naumann, Schröder (Eds.),
Handbuch Bauelemente der Optik,
Carl Hanser Verlag 2020



Observation screen



Machine Vision: camera calibration

➤ Model:

- Pin-hole camera including distortions

➤ Code:

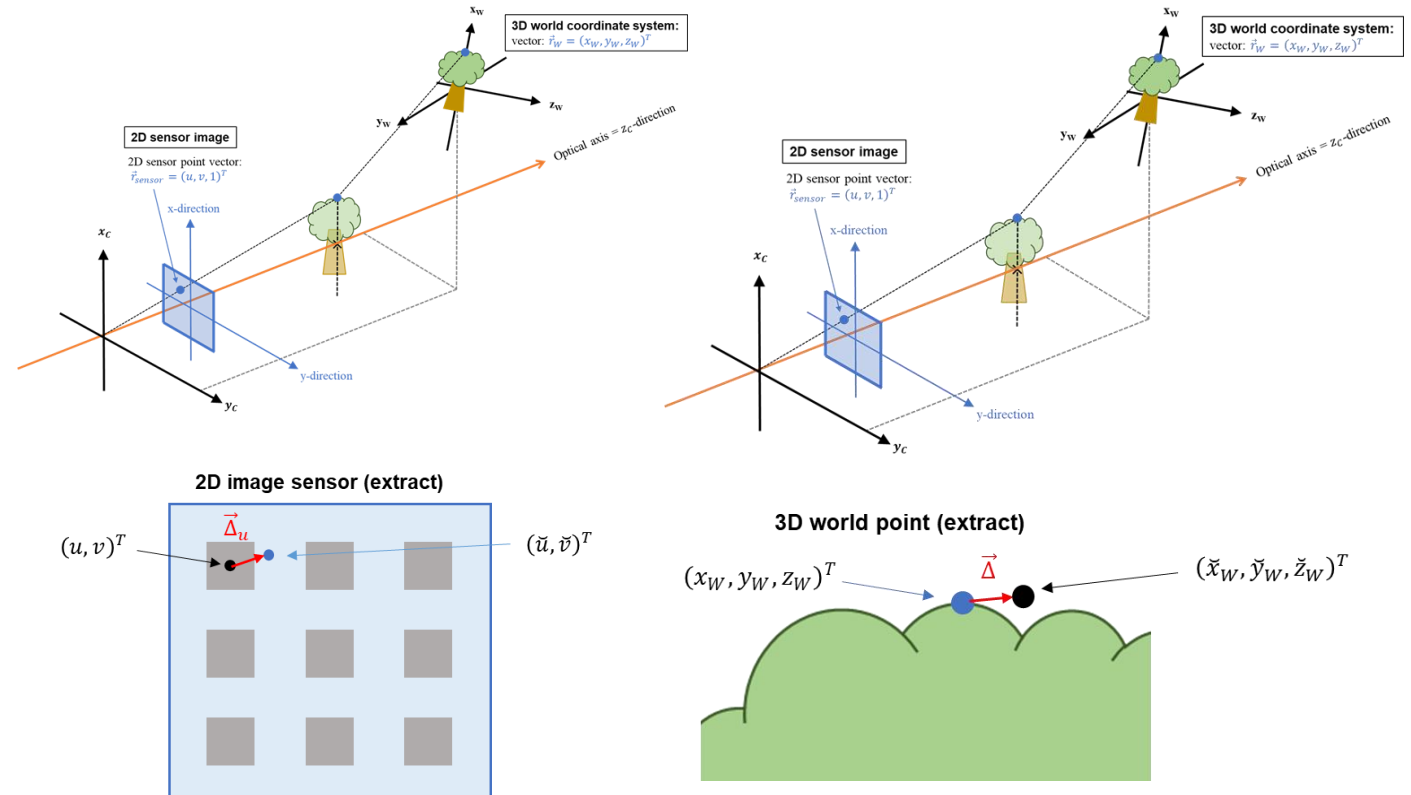
- Python

➤ Evaluation:

- Re-projection error and
- Forward projection error (3D world)
- Machine learning method

➤ Result:

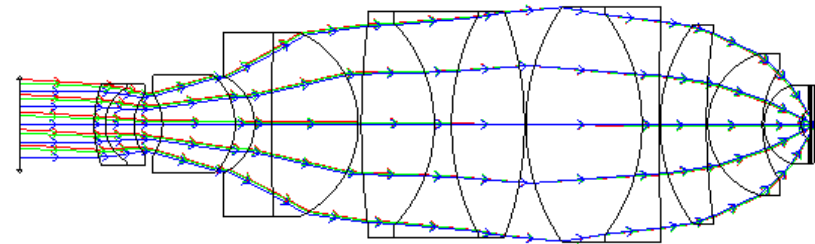
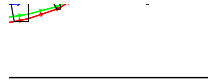
- New and objective method



Kamera-Kalibrierung für optische Messaufgaben mit erweiterter Berechnung und Bewertung
 DGaO-Proceedings 2021 – <http://www.dgao-proceedings.de> – ISSN: 1614-8436

Optical Design: ray optics and diffractive optics

➤ Zemax



20 mm

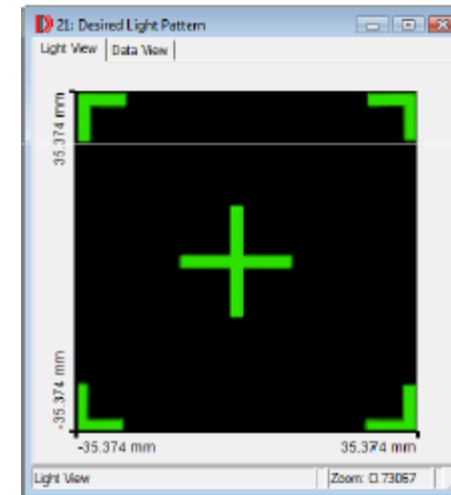
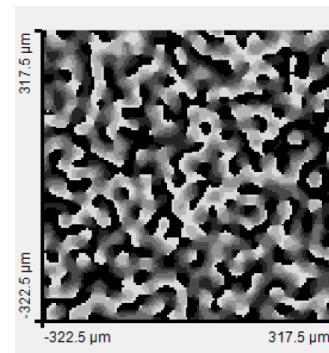
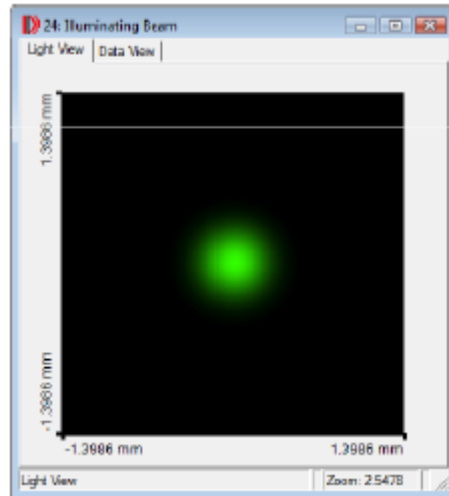
Layout

10.12.2019
Total Axial Length: 53.14105 mm

ZEMAX
Prof. Dr.-Ing. Steffen Reichel
Hochschule Pforzheim

Microobjective 20x1.45 D11 SP 20 Znf Mathee USP 8504893.ZMX
Configuration 1 of 1

➤ DOE Design experience



Displays & LEDs: Overview & Competences

- **Optical metrology for displays and LEDs:**

Photometric measurements (spot and imager), response time, spectrum ...

- **Electronics:** Micro controllers, display interfaces, LED drivers ...

- **Software:** Dedicated test patterns, image enhancement, uniformity algorithms ...

- **Systems design:** New concepts, prototypes, user interfaces, evaluation and validation ...

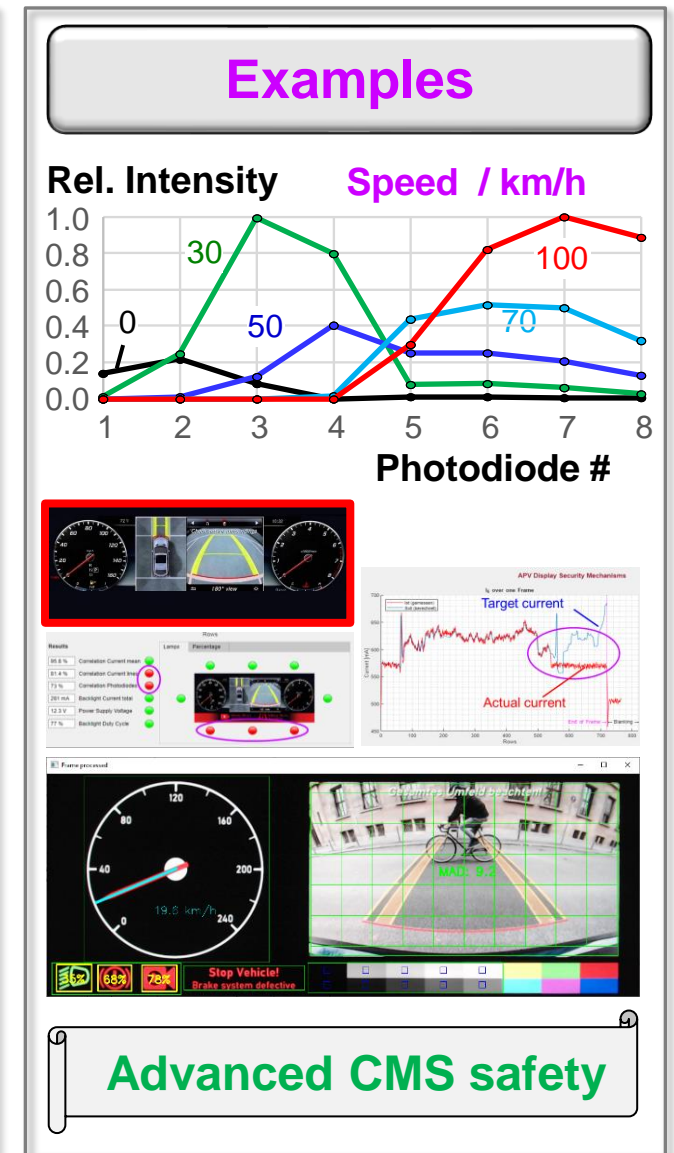
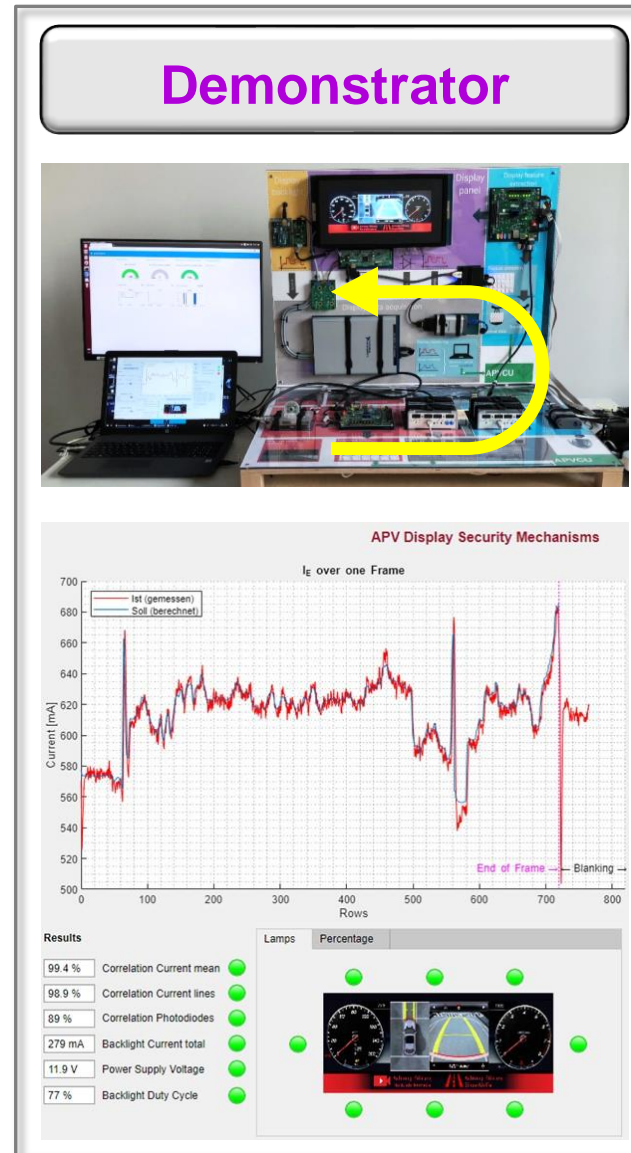
- **Evaluations and assessments:** User studies incl. comparison to measurements ...



We prototype and/or evaluate your display, LED system, HMI or idea!

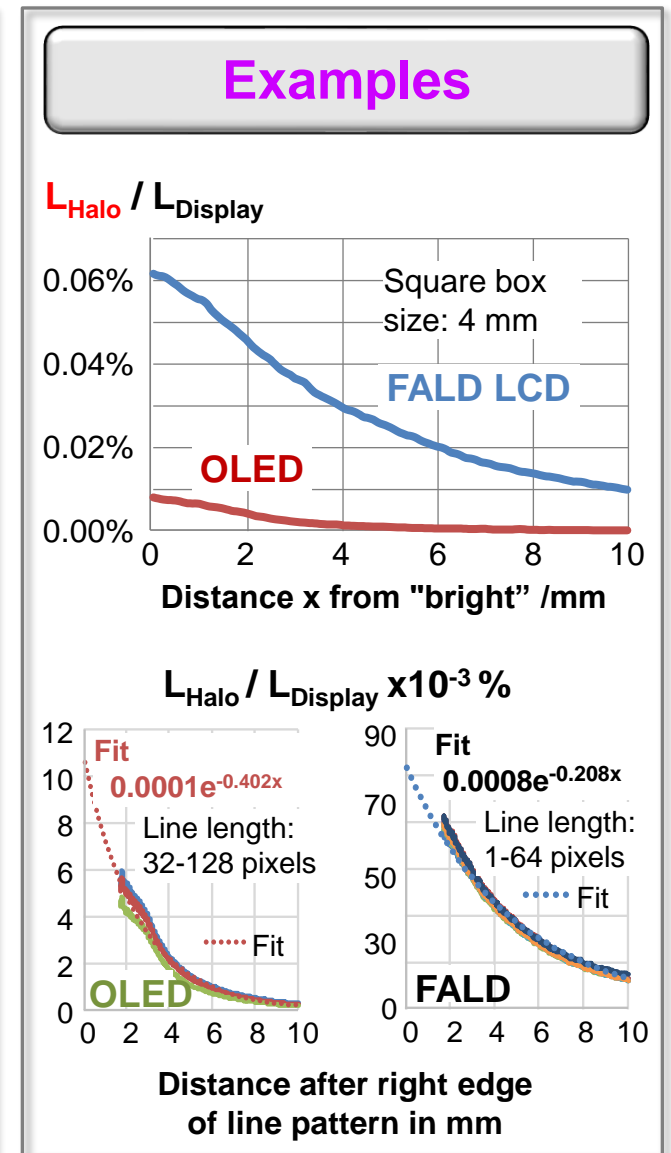
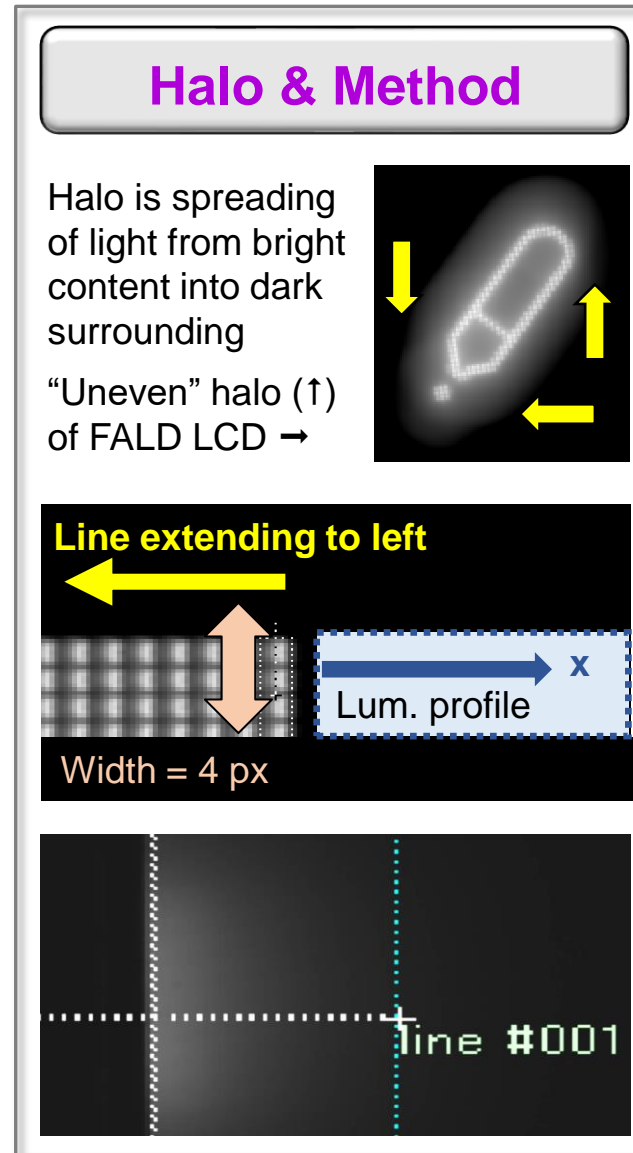
„Light-to-Light“ Safety for Camera Monitor Systems

- **Today:** Only digital interface data supervised, no light of display
- **Here:** Optical supervision of display output by photodiodes and camera
- **Methods:**
 - ~10 photodiodes & line current
 - Camera incl. AI (best for remote)
- **Results:**
 - Validation of both methods ✓
 - “Detection” of essential failures ✓
 - Image compression for remote operator okay with AI ✓



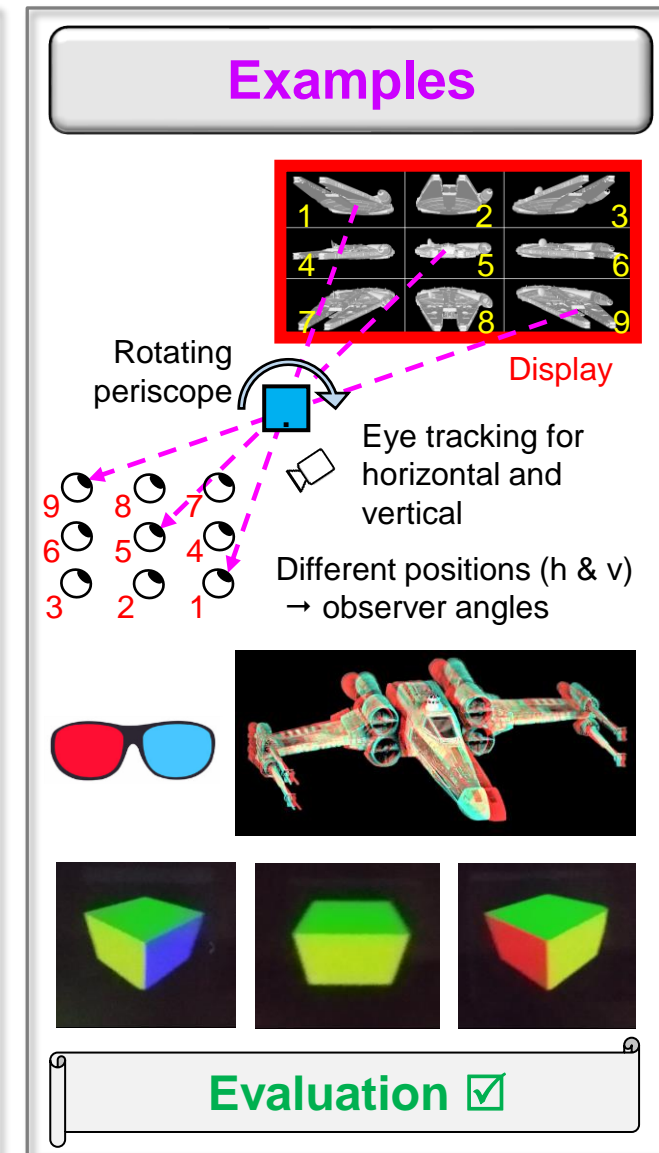
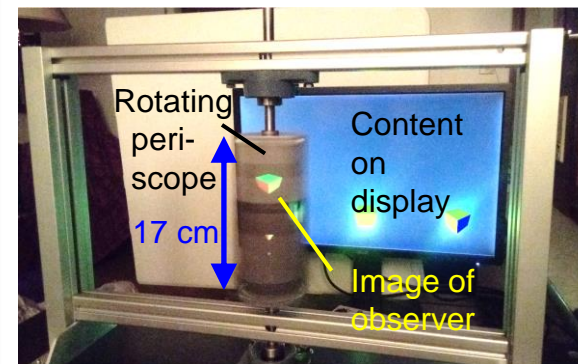
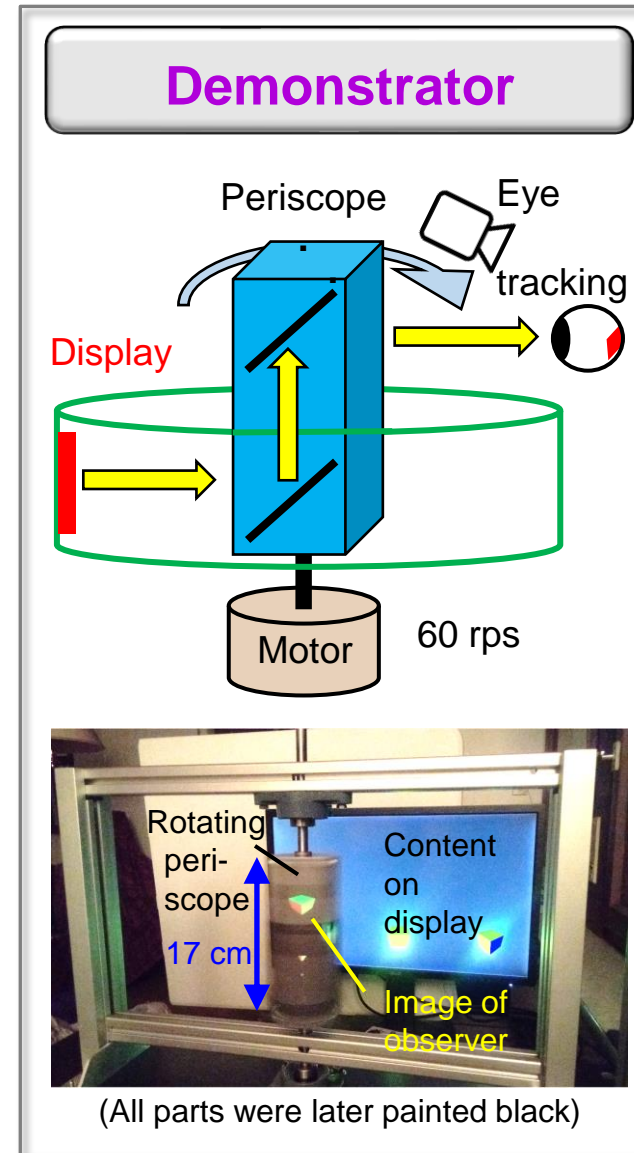
Single Pixel Measurement Method for Halo on OLED and FALD LCD

- **Background:** Halo is judged as caused by low quality display (in social media). It is mostly noticed at FALD LCDs. No “good” measurement method exists.
- **Our work:** Find and evaluate an advanced method to access single pixel halo
- **Method:**
 - 5 step procedure with imager
 - Macro lens and simulation of fits
- **Result:**
 - Single pixel halo can be measured
 - FALD LCD halo = 10x of OLED



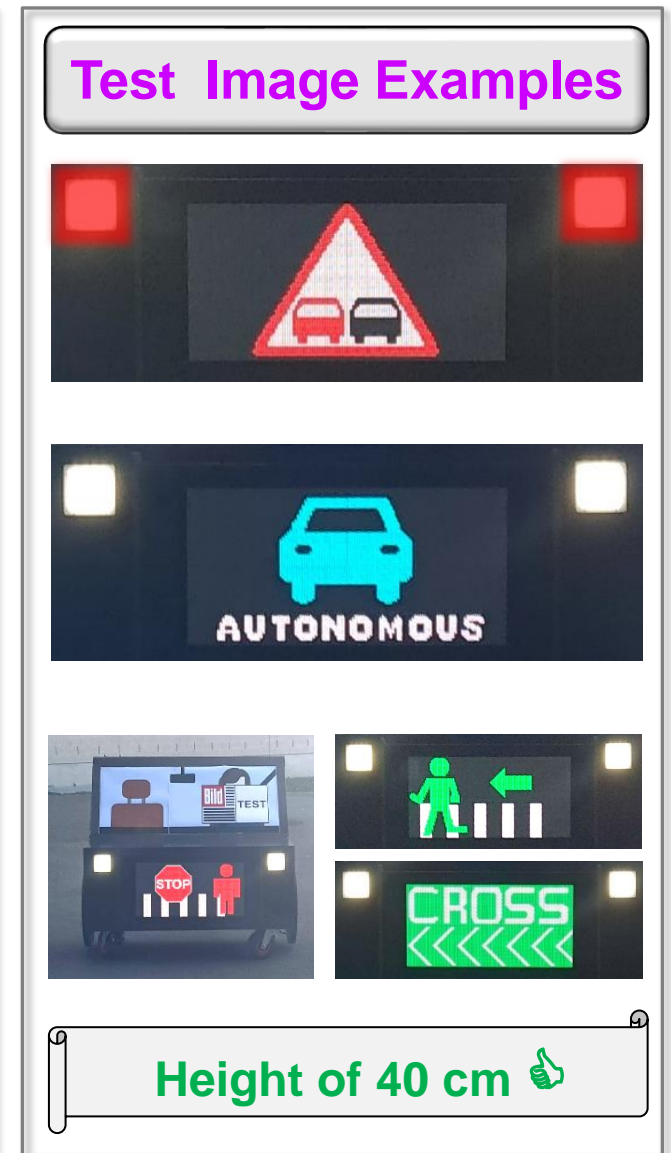
3D Multi-View Display

- **Today:** 3D image is the same for all observers
→ no perspective view
- **Here:** Development and evaluation of a 3D display for up to three observers with dedicated perspective
- **Methods:**
 - Rotating periscope visualizes images of large display
 - Dynamic perspective by eye tracking
- **Results:**
 - Multi-view (different 3D perspectives), see mark in green
 - Surprising effect → Science museums ...
 - Limits: Relatively small and dark images are less suitable



Exterior Displays for Autonomous Cars Raise Safety

- **Visual communication since ~1900:**
Break light, traffic light, turn indicator ...
- **Here:** Graphic displays can provide more such as warnings, pedestrians
- **Mock-Up:** Simulation of use cases
Pedestrian, oncoming and following cars, autonomous driving mode ...
- **Results:**
 - Size > 30 cm x 30 cm, 6+ mm pixel
 - Text: 10 cm readable from 40+ m
 - Signs: 30+ cm for 50+ m
 - Pedestrians feel safe to cross



Human Robot Interaction (HRI) for Autonomous (Cleaning) Robots

- **Today:** Discomfort of subjects as no or only blue light visualization
- **Here:** Measurements and evaluation of various display technologies
- **Methods:**
 - Mock-up with different visualizations
 - Measurements, legibility acc. CIELUV
- **Results:**
 - Pico projector is best incl. integration
 - LED stripe for attention grabbing
 - Show laser, tablet, large projector are less suitable

Demonstrator

Display	L_w /cd/m ²	Max. E /lx (CR = 2:1)
Pico-proj.	33	300
GOBO	1,900	17,000
Show laser	3,000	27,000
LED stripe	3,200	44,000

Examples

Trajectory reduces fear


Low Cost „HUD“ for Safety and Comfort

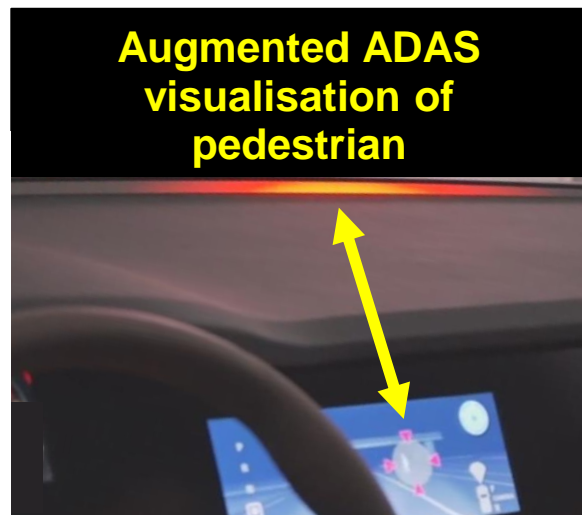
- „Scheibenwurzel-Display“: as comfort function
- **Here:** Parameters for visualization of safety (warnings ...)
- **Mock-Up:** Simulation of all features incl. luminance, RGB ratio and perceived brightness up to blinding sunlight
- **Results:**
 - RGB luminance ratio of **35 : 50 : 15**
 - $L_{\text{White}} \geq 3,300 \text{ cd/m}^2$ (3x L of today)
 - $L_{\text{Blue}} \geq 500 \text{ cd/m}^2$
 - **RGBB** LED for white point adjustment

Motivation

Design Questions

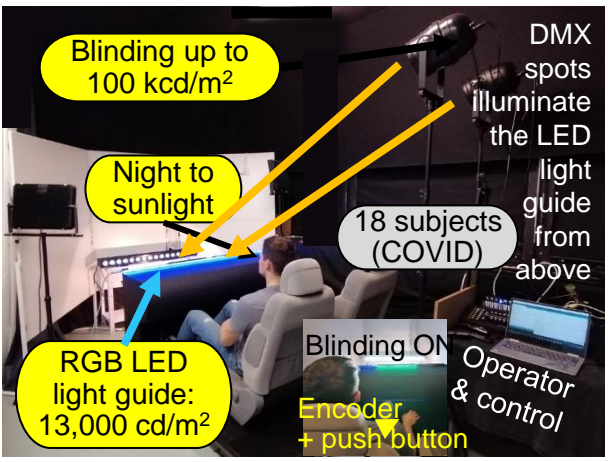
- Luminance for RGB?
- Luminance @ bright light





Augmented ADAS
visualisation of
pedestrian

Evaluation



Blinding up to
100 kcd/m²

Night to
sunlight

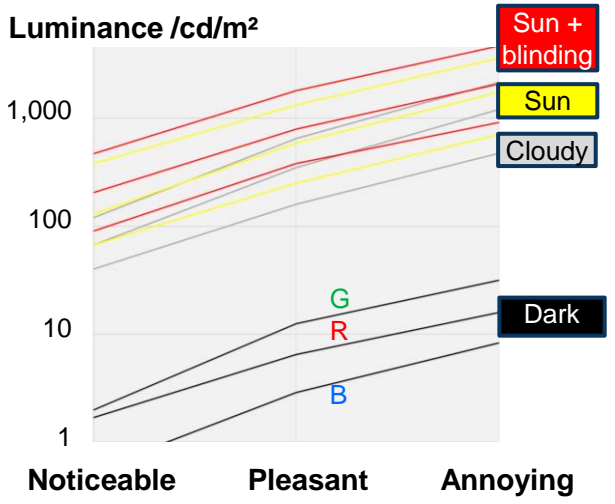
RGB LED
light guide:
13,000 cd/m²

Blinding ON
Encoder
+ push button

Operator
& control

DMX spots
illuminate
the LED
light
guide
from
above

18 subjects
(COVID)



Luminance /cd/m²

Noticeable Pleasant Annoying

Thank you for your attention!



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